

Appl. No.

: 09/848,713

**Applicant** 

Doug Grumann

Filed -

: May 3, 2001

Title

METHOD AND APPARATUS TO EXTRACT THE HEALTH OF

A SERVICE FROM A HOST MACHINE

TC/A.U.

2442

Examiner

Benjamin A. Ailes

Docket No.

10002681-1

Customer No.

022879

Mail Stop Reply Brief - Patents

Commissioner of Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

In this Reply Brief, Applicants respond to the Examiner's Answer dated October 22, 2009.

# I. SUMMARY

The Examiner's Answer fails to overcome the reasons for patentability set forth in the Applicants' July 20, 2009, Corrective Appeal Brief. In this Reply Brief, Applicants respond to the Examiner's Answer and provide additional clarification and reasons why the pending claims are patentable.

The April 29, 2009 Final Office Action rejects claims 1-2, 4-8, 11-12, 14-22, and 24 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) over "Systems Management: Application Response Measurement (ARM) API" (The Open Group) (hereafter "ARM API"), in view of U.S. Patent 6,633,908 to Leymann et al. (hereafter "Leymann"). However, the rejections as set forth in the Final Office Action, and as maintained in the Examiner's Answer, must fail because the applied references do not, individually and in combination, teach or suggest each and every limitation of claims 1, 14, 18, and 21 and the claims that depend therefrom.

### II. ARGUMENT

# A. Claims 1, 11, 18, and 21 Are Not Obvious

Independent claims 1, 11, 18, and 21 each recite a genetic output relating to current operational performance of the service. The Examiner asserts on page 14 of the Examiner's Answer that Leymann teaches in column 8, lines 3-14 the making of data available for all applications requesting the data by use of an invocation agent, that ARM API teaches in Figure 101 the use of the application response measurement API, and that the combination teaches the use of a genetic output.

In contrast to ARM API and Leymann, the invention recited in claim 1 puts no restrictions on the monitoring agent as in Leymann. Instead, the invention recited in claim 1 is a method for dynamically determining the health of a service including the step of "translating the collected service performance information into a generic output relating to current operational performance of the service." Leymann uses a generic monitoring agent that is coded to make specific ARM API calls to generate ARM-specific output, and never discloses translating the ARM-specific output into a generic output. Claim 1 recites translating the collected performance information into a generic output.

For all the reasons discussed above, claim 1 is patentable over ARM API in view of Leymann.

Claims 11, 18, and 21 recite features similar to those of claim 1, and for these reasons, claims 11, 18, and 21 also are patentable.

Claim 21 depends from patentable claim 1. For these reasons and the additional features it recites, claim 21 also is patentable.

# B. Dependent Claims Are Not Obvious

Claims 2, 4-6, and 8 depend from patentable claim 1; claims 12, 14 and 17 depend from patentable claim 11; claims 19 and 20 depend from patentable claim 18; and claims 22 and 24 depend from patentable claim 21. For these reasons and the additional features they recite, claims 2, 4-6, 8, 12, 14, 17, 19, 20, 22, and 24 also are patentable.

### III. CONCLUSION

For the sake of brevity, Applicants have not repeated some arguments made in the Appeal Brief, which Applicants maintain with respect to the rejections under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) over ARM API and Leymann, and which have not been overcome by the Examiner's Answer.

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Respectfully submitted,

Date: **December 14, 2009** 

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